

# ВСЕРОССИЙСКАЯ ОЛИМПИАДА ШКОЛЬНИКОВ ПО АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ

## (Школьный этап) ПИСЬМЕННЫЙ ТУР

возрастная группа (7-8 классы)

*Уважаемый участник олимпиады!*

Вам предстоит выполнить письменные задания.

Время выполнения заданий письменного тура 90 минут.

Выполнение заданий целесообразно организовать следующим образом:

- не спеша, внимательно прочитайте формулировку задания;
- напишите правильный вариант ответа в бланке ответов;
- после выполнения всех предложенных заданий еще раз удостоверьтесь в правильности ваших ответов;
- если потребуется корректировка выбранного Вами варианта ответа, то неправильный вариант ответа зачеркните крестиком и рядом напишите новый.
- Предупреждаем Вас, что:
- при оценке тестовых заданий, где необходимо определить один правильный ответ, 0 баллов выставляется за неверный ответ и в случае, если участником отмечены несколько ответов (в том числе правильный), или все ответы;
- при оценке тестовых заданий, где необходимо определить все правильные ответы, 0 баллов выставляется, если участником отмечены неверные ответы, большее количество ответов, чем предусмотрено в задании (в том числе правильные ответы) или все ответы.

Задание письменного тура считается выполненным, если Вы вовремя сдаете его членам жюри.

**Максимальная оценка – 50 баллов.**

**LISTENING - 10 БАЛЛОВ**

**Задание 1.** (Трек 1) Послушайте высказывания пятерых опытных писателей о написании книги. Соедините говорящего 1-5 с советом, который он даёт А-Е. Внесите ваш ответ в бланк ответов.

Speaker 1 \_\_\_\_\_

Speaker 2 \_\_\_\_\_

Speaker 3 \_\_\_\_\_

Speaker 4 \_\_\_\_\_

Speaker 5 \_\_\_\_\_

- A Do plenty of research.
- B Write something original.
- C Make sure your meaning is clear.
- D Keep a daily diary.
- E Stay focused on your writing.
- F Read lots of books by other writers.

**Задание 2.** (Трек 1) Послушайте высказывания ещё раз и запишите, являются ли утверждения 6-10 верными Т (True) или неверными F (False). Внесите ваш ответ в бланк ответов.

- 6 Speaker 1 had an office with a view of a mountain.  
TRUE / FALSE
- 7 Speaker 2 advises against using too many long sentences.  
TRUE / FALSE
- 8 Speaker 3 has a friend who was able to help with her latest book.  
TRUE / FALSE
- 9 Speaker 4 has been interested in reading since his early childhood.  
TRUE / FALSE
- 10 Speaker 5 says that many new writers write in the style of other authors.  
TRUE / FALSE

**READING - 10 БАЛЛОВ**

**Задание 1.** Прочитайте текст. Закончите предложения, выбрав один вариант ответа из предложенных ниже (A-D). Внесите ваш ответ в бланк ответов.

**Cities of the future**

The word ‘megacity’ was first used as far back as the early 1960s by French geographer Jean Gottman to describe the north-eastern United States. The term is used more widely now to mean an area with more than 10,000,000 people living closely together. A megacity can be a single area, or several areas together that make one huge area known as a ‘megalopolis’. As of March 2013, there were twenty-eight megacities in the world.

When cities started to become too busy, people who could afford it moved out into the suburbs on the edge of the city. When the suburbs started attracting too many people, they moved further out into villages and the countryside. It was important to be close enough to the city to travel in every day for work, though. That’s why the countryside became more popular – London, for example, lost 15% of its population between 1950 and 1970, and Detroit in the USA lost 47%.

However, movement away from cities does not mean the end of the city. Cities continue to spread, and in time these may grow into megacities with millions of people. According to one list, the majority of the world’s greatest megacities are to be found in Asia. The largest of these is the Tokyo-Yokohama area, home to 37,000,000 people, followed by the Indian capital Delhi, Seoul-Incheon in South Korea, Shanghai in China, and Mumbai, also in India.

In the ancient world, Rome with its 1,000,000 people was a megacity for its time. And although London was one of the world’s first modern cities to have a million or more people, it is not currently high up on the list of megacities. In fact, the only western megacities are now New York City, Los Angeles, Moscow and Paris. The fastest-growing cities in the last ten years have all been in the developing world and this trend looks likely to continue. It is expected that by the year 2030, 60% of the world’s population will be living in megacities.

Megacities everywhere have several things in common, which are mainly the problems they all experience. Among these are high traffic levels resulting in pollution, housing problems, and various social problems such as unemployment. Often the only housing that many people can afford is badly planned or of poor quality. However, all these problems are partly created by weak governments who don’t prepare for increased population before the people arrive.

As megacities are likely to become more common, it seems that governments should try to plan for rising urban populations before it actually happens. But perhaps this is easier said than done.

- 1 The word 'megacity' was used for the first time ...
  - a to describe the world's most crowded cities.
  - b by an American to describe a place in Europe.
  - c to describe places with fewer than 10,000,000 people.
  - d by a European to describe a place in the United States.
- 2 Areas on the edge of the city became popular because ...
  - a people there had less money.
  - b villages became too expensive.
  - c cities were getting too full.
  - d the countryside was almost empty.
- 3 The writer says that ...
  - a Tokyo has been the world's biggest megacity for some time.
  - b the world's biggest megacities are mostly in one continent.
  - c London will soon be on the list of the world's megacities.
  - d the world's smaller cities are growing too quickly.
- 4 According to the writer, megacities of the future will...
  - a possibly include Rome.
  - b not include London.
  - c only be common in Western countries.
  - d hold most of the world's people.
- 5 Which of these problems in megacities does the writer NOT mention?
  - a bad housing
  - b people without jobs
  - c crime
  - d too many cars

<p><b>Задание 2. Прочитайте текст ещё раз. Заполните пропуски (6-10) словами из текста.</b> <b>Используйте одно слово для каждого пропуска. Внесите ваш ответ в бланк ответов.</b></p>
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- 6 A megalopolis is made from \_\_\_\_\_ different areas joined to each other.
- 7 Nearly half of the \_\_\_\_\_ of Detroit moved away from the city.
- 8 London was among the \_\_\_\_\_ cities in modern times to have over a million people.
- 9 Pollution in megacities is caused by too much \_\_\_\_\_.

10 It would be a good idea for governments to \_\_\_\_\_ urban development in advance of urban population increases.

**USE OF ENGLISH - 20 БАЛЛОВ**

**Задание 1. Закончите предложения 1-10, выбрав один из предложенных вариантов ответов (А, В или С). Внесите ваш ответ в бланк ответов.**

1. The police ..... a local man of the crime, but they couldn't prove it.  
A. arrested  
B. captured  
C. suspected
2. Up to now, more than 10,000 of these products ....., so we're pleased with the results.  
A. are sold  
B. have sold  
C. have been sold
3. If Laura .....with my idea, we probably ..... friends now.  
A. doesn't agree / won't  
B. haven't agreed / wouldn't be  
C. hadn't agreed / wouldn't be
4. That was one of the most ..... days I've ever had! I'll never forget it!  
A. persuasive  
B. clever  
C. memorable
5. It ..... all morning and I don't think it's going to stop any time soon.  
A. has rained  
B. has been raining  
C. rained
6. The ..... in Scotland is an artist's dream! There's something to paint everywhere you go.  
A. landscape  
B. fresh air  
C. soil
7. Don't worry! I ..... you there. I know exactly where that address is.  
A. take  
B. 'll take

C. `m taking

8. I didn't really expect you ..... all the cooking. I was going to help you!

A. to do

B. do

C. doing

9. We organized a sale to raise money for people ..... homes were damaged in the flood.

A. that

B. whose

C. which

10. As there hasn't been any rain for two months, we may be about to have a .....

A. global warming

B. landslide

C. drought

**Задание 2. Прочитайте текст. Заполните пропуски в тексте, вставив одно из 14 слов, написанных курсивом, в каждый пропуск. Вставляемые слова должны лексически и грамматически соответствовать содержанию текста. В списке даны четыре лишних слова. Внесите ваш ответ в бланк ответов.**

*that, may, were, the, done, less, if, had, made, what, has, faster, have, is*

**Too good to be true?**

Some say it takes a week, others guarantee success in twenty-four hours. Of course, you<sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ prefer to take your time and do it in five weeks. What are we talking about? Well, these periods of time are for language-learning courses which promise excellent results in<sup>12</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ time than it takes to say 'Hola' or 'Hello'!

However, the advertisements from these companies are not necessarily<sup>13</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ best guide, and if you don't know<sup>14</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to look for in a good course, you could be disappointed.

A complaint was recently<sup>15</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ about a language-school chain called FastLearn. The company<sup>16</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ now been told that it cannot say that its method of learning is ten times<sup>17</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ than any other method. The Managing Director of FastLearn said that they still believed this was true, but they<sup>18</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ going to change their advert. He added that<sup>19</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you spent three hours a day for five weeks on their course, you would soon be speaking the language. He finally agreed, though, that what they should<sup>20</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ done was to make this clearer in their advert.

**WRITING - 10 БАЛЛОВ**

**Закончите письмо, вставив одно слово в каждый пропуск. Вставляемые слова должны лексически и грамматически соответствовать содержанию письма. Внесите ваш ответ в бланк ответов.**

<sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Iveta,

I'm sorry that I <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ written for so long – thanks for being patient with me!

Well, we moved house recently and it's been a bit of a nightmare. I had to deal

<sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ problems of one kind or another every day. But I don't like things to get the better of me, so I rose to the challenge and managed to sort it all out. We don't have as much space here

<sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ in our old house, but I've come up with some ideas for changing things in my room so that it's more comfortable. I'm going to have a go <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ doing that this weekend. At the moment, though, I'm doing my <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to finish unpacking all the boxes. I'm still busy with studying as well and it's been quite difficult to keep up with that too. Luckily, I'm good <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ working under pressure, so I don't get stressed easily.

But what <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you? Have you thought any more about starting your own business? I think you should take the risks and see what happens. You always work <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ I'd say harder than anyone else I know – so I'm sure you'll make a success of it.

Anyway, I'd better go now. I'll call you soon!

Take <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ ,

Anya